

## 1,525 PASSENGERS DROWN WHEN GREAT WHITE STAR LINER TITANIC SINKS

GREATEST TRAGEDY KNOWN  
TO MARINE HISTORY OCCURS  
OFF NEWFOUNDLAND BANKSONLY 675 PERSONS SAVED FROM  
2,200 ABOARD DOOMED VESSEL

Floating Palace, Costing Ten Millions, With Many Notable Men Coming from Europe to America, Collides on Maiden Voyage With Iceberg, and After Short Struggle Founders Before Aid, Summoned by Wireless, Can Come to Rescue—Vessel Believed by Owners to Be Unsinkable, Carries Down With it Victims Who May Include William T. Stead, One of World's Most Noted Journalists and Lecturers; Col. and Mrs. John Jacob Astor, B. Bruce Ismay, Major Archibald Butt, Military Aide to President Taft; F. D. Millet, Artist; Isador Straus and Wife, President Hays, of Grand Trunk Railroad, and Others of International Note.

MEAGER DETAILS OF DISASTER BY  
WIRELESS SHOW HORRIBLE LOSS OF LIFE

More than 1,500 persons it is feared, sank to death early yesterday when, within four hours after she crashed into an iceberg, the mammoth White Star liner Titanic, from Liverpool to New York on her maiden voyage, went to the bottom off the Newfoundland Banks. Of the 2,200 persons on board, some of them of world-wide prominence, only 675 are known to have been saved.

The White Star offices in New York, while keeping up hope to the last, freely admitted there had been "horrible loss of life." Accepting early estimates of the casualty list as accurate, the disaster is the greatest in marine history. Nearest approaching it in magnitude were the disasters to the steamer Atlantic in 1873, when 547 lives were lost, and the La Bourgogne in 1898, with a fatality list of 571. Should it prove that other liners, notably the Allan liners Parisian and Virginian, known to have been in the vicinity of the Titanic early yesterday and picked up other of her passengers, the extent of the calamity would be greatly reduced. This hope remains.

News of the sinking of the liner and of the terrible loss of life came early last evening with all the greater shock because hope had been buoyed up all day by reports that the steamship, although badly damaged, was not sinking, and that all her passengers had been safely taken off.

The messages were mostly unofficial, however, and none came directly from the liner, so that a fear remained of possible bad news to come.

Shortly after 7 o'clock last night there came flashing over the wires from Cape Race, within 400 miles of which the liner had struck the iceberg, word that at 2:30 o'clock Monday morning, three hours and fifty-five minutes after receiving her death blow, the Titanic had sunk.

The news came from the steamer Carpathia, relayed by the White Star liner Olympic, and revealed that by the time the Carpathia, outward bound from New York and racing for the Titanic on a wireless call, reached the scene, the doomed vessel had sunk.

Left on the surface, however, were lifeboats from the Titanic and in them it appears, according to meager reports received at a late hour, were some 675 survivors of the disaster. These, according to advice, the Carpathia picked up and is now on her way with them to New York.

For the rest the scene as the Carpathia came up was one of desolation. All that remained of the \$10,000,000 floating palace on which nearly 1,500 passengers had been voyaging luxuriously to this side of the Atlantic were bits of wreckage.

A significant line in the Cape Race dispatch was the announcement that of those saved by the Carpathia, nearly all were women and children. Should it prove that no other vessel picked up any passengers of the sinking liner this might mean that few of the men had been saved as the proportion of women and children among the passengers was large. The same facts would likewise spell the doom of practically the entire crew of 300. In the cabins were 230 women and children, but it is not known how many there were among the 749 third class passengers.

In the first cabin there were 123 women and fifteen children and in the second cabin seventy-nine women and eight children. Notable persons, travelers on the Titanic, whose fate was in doubt in the lack of definite advice as to the identity of the survivors were Mr. and Mrs. John Jacob Astor, Major Archibald Butt, aide to President Taft; Charles M. Hays, president of the Grand Trunk Pacific railway, his wife and daughter; W. T. Stead, Benjamin Guinness, F. D. Millet, the artist; J. G. Wither, of Philadelphia; Mr. and Mrs. Isador Straus; J. B. Thayer, vice president of the Pennsylvania railroad; J. Bruce Ismay, Henry B. Harris, the theatrical manager, and Mrs. Harris, and Colonel Washington Robinson, builder of the Brooklyn bridge.

A ray of hope appeared shortly before 11 o'clock last night in a message to New York from the operator at the Marconi wireless station at Sable Island, near the scene of the disaster. Answering an inquiry regarding the delivery of wireless messages to the passengers of the Titanic the operator replied that it was difficult to deliver them as "the Titanic operator is believed to be dispersing among several vessels."

Even this faint indication that other vessels than the Carpathia had picked up survivors of the Titanic was eagerly seized upon by thousands of relatives and friends of those who had set sail on her for this country.

had saved but 675 persons. The new figures reduced the list of those for whose fate fear was felt by nearly two hundred and if, as seems probable, practically all those saved were passengers, it would appear that all but approximately 450 of the vessels passengers are accounted for.

A partial list of the survivors received from the Carpathia includes the names of many women of prominence who were on the steamer.

After the first desperate calls of the Titanic for help had been sent flying through space and brought steamers for hundreds of miles around, according to the scene, what seems to have been an impenetrable wall of silence was raised between here and the steamer. The liner so far as last night's news appears, went to her fate without so much as a whisper of what

must have been the scenes of terrible tragedy enacted on her decks. It was seen that of the more than two thousand human lives with which she was freighted, there could be hopes of saving for less than a half.

Other than the news last evening that 866 persons, largely women and children had been rescued from the liner's boats by the Cunarder Carpathia, several hours passed without a word as to the fate of the rest of those on board at the time of the fateful crash.

Along the entire Atlantic coast wireless instruments were attuned to catch from any source the slightest whisper of hope that possibly one of the many steamships which rushed to the assistance of the Titanic bore other survivors.

But from none of the ships reported to be at or near the scene of what, viewed in the light of the probabilities, may be recorded as the world's greatest marine horror, came not the slightest syllable of encouragement to the anxiously waiting world.

Early last night there was hope that any moment might bring word of cheer. But anxiety deepened and many friends and relatives of those who sailed on the Titanic began to despair as hours passed, without word from either of the Allan liners, Parisian or Virginian, believed to be, with the exception of the Carpathia, the vessels nearest the Titanic's ocean burial place when she disappeared.

As the Titanic sank before 3 o'clock in the morning and it was not hoped that the Virginian could reach the scene before 10 a. m., at the earliest. The Parisian was said to be some distance further away.

It was feared, even by the White Star officials, that the vessels would not have reached the scene in time to be of service.

The steamer Virginian was finally heard from at 2:15 o'clock this morning. She did not report the presence of any survivors on board. The message from her stated she would bring to St. John's, N. F., such survivors as she "may rescue."

The fact that the Virginian was to go out of her course to put into St. John's on her voyage to Liverpool was taken as a favorable indication, arousing hope that after all she might have picked up some of the victims of the wreck and was bringing them into port.

The Titanic lies buried two miles beneath the ocean surface midway between Sable Island and Cape Race. Her position when she struck the iceberg was given as latitude 41.46 N, longitude 50.41 W.

According to the Carpathia's advice the liner, which struck the iceberg at 10:40 o'clock Sunday night, sank at 2:20 o'clock Monday morning, nearly four hours later and not more than half a degree south of the point where the collision occurred.

It seems established that there were about 2,200 persons on the liner. This was the estimate of the line officials in New York, who gave the number of passengers as 1,220, the remainder of 866 making up the crew.

BOATS AND WRECKAGE  
FOUND BY CARPATHIA

Cape Race, N. F., April 15.—The steamer Olympic reports that the steamer Carpathia reached the Titanic's position at daybreak today, but found boats and wreckage only. She reported that the Titanic had foundered at about 2:20 o'clock a. m., in latitude 46.16 north, and longitude 50.41 west. The message adds that all the Titanic's boats were accounted for and "about 675 souls saved, crew and passengers, the latter nearly all women and children."

There were about 2,200 persons in all, crew and passengers on board the Titanic. The report from the Olympic states that the Leyland liner, Californian, was remaining and searching the vicinity of the disaster.

The Carpathia, it was said, was returning to New York with the survivors.

Notable persons, travelers on the Titanic, whose fate was in doubt in the lack of definite advice as to the identity of the survivors were Mr. and Mrs. John Jacob Astor, Major Archibald Butt, aide to President Taft; Charles M. Hays, president of the Grand Trunk Pacific railway, his wife and daughter; W. T. Stead, Benjamin Guinness, F. D. Millet, the artist; J. G. Wither, of Philadelphia; Mr. and Mrs. Isador Straus; J. B. Thayer, vice president of the Pennsylvania railroad; J. Bruce Ismay, Henry B. Harris, the theatrical manager, and Mrs. Harris, and Colonel Washington Robinson, builder of the Brooklyn bridge.

A ray of hope appeared shortly before 11 o'clock last night in a message to New York from the operator at the Marconi wireless station at Sable Island, near the scene of the disaster. Answering an inquiry regarding the delivery of wireless messages to the passengers of the Titanic the operator replied that it was difficult to deliver them as "the Titanic operator is believed to be dispersing among several vessels."

Even this faint indication that other vessels than the Carpathia had picked up survivors of the Titanic was eagerly seized upon by thousands of relatives and friends of those who had set sail on her for this country.

had saved but 675 persons. The new figures reduced the list of those for whose fate fear was felt by nearly two hundred and if, as seems probable, practically all those saved were passengers, it would appear that all but approximately 450 of the vessels passengers are accounted for.

A partial list of the survivors received from the Carpathia includes the names of many women of prominence who were on the steamer. After the first desperate calls of the Titanic for help had been sent flying through space and brought steamers for hundreds of miles around, according to the scene, what seems to have been an impenetrable wall of silence was raised between here and the steamer. The liner so far as last night's news appears, went to her fate without so much as a whisper of what

must have been the scenes of terrible tragedy enacted on her decks. It was seen that of the more than two thousand human lives with which she was freighted, there could be hopes of saving for less than a half.

Other than the news last evening that 866 persons, largely women and children had been rescued from the liner's boats by the Cunarder Carpathia, several hours passed without a word as to the fate of the rest of those on board at the time of the fateful crash.

Along the entire Atlantic coast wireless instruments were attuned to catch from any source the slightest whisper of hope that possibly one of the many steamships which rushed to the assistance of the Titanic bore other survivors.

But from none of the ships reported to be at or near the scene of what, viewed in the light of the probabilities, may be recorded as the world's greatest marine horror, came not the slightest syllable of encouragement to the anxiously waiting world.

Early last night there was hope that any moment might bring word of cheer. But anxiety deepened and many friends and relatives of those who sailed on the Titanic began to despair as hours passed, without word from either of the Allan liners, Parisian or Virginian, believed to be, with the exception of the Carpathia, the vessels nearest the Titanic's ocean burial place when she disappeared.

As the Titanic sank before 3 o'clock in the morning and it was not hoped that the Virginian could reach the scene before 10 a. m., at the earliest. The Parisian was said to be some distance further away.

SULLIVAN FORCES BIGGEST BATTLE  
LOSE CONTROL OF ILLINOIS  
DEMOCRACYHearst-Harrison Men Break  
in Armory Doors and Hold  
Conversion Against Order of  
Chicago Judge.POLICE AND SHERIFF  
DOMINATE SITUATIONMilitia Without Arms Attempt  
in Vain to Maintain Peace  
Between Warring Democratic  
Factions.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)

Chicago, April 15.—Conflict of court orders and the battering of sledges and axes on barred doors preceded the Cook county democratic convention today.

For more than three hours twenty-five state troops unarmed and under the command of a captain of the seventh regiment, Illinois National Guard, held possession of the armory while the rival forces, termed the Hearst-Harrison faction and the followers of Roger C. Sullivan, national committeeman, disputed the right to enter the armory. The Sullivan men insisted that the county judge had no right to order an election commissioner to open the convention. The Hearst-Harrison men declared his order alone would insure fairness.

Ratifications of police, reinforced by more than a hundred deputy sheriffs acting under the orders of County Judge Owen, held control of the street outside of the armory. Coroner Hoffman with twenty-five deputies was busy throughout the morning serving police officials and the sheriff's men with an injunction from the superior court, restraining them from interfering. The injunction was waived aside and the coroner himself was summoned by Judge Owen to answer a charge of contempt of court.

The sheriff and police and Election Commissioner Czarniecki are under contempt charges. Repeated demands were made by election Commissioner Czarniecki, republican, delegated by Judge Owen to open the convention, that the door be unbarred. The military refused and Judge Owen in person demanded admittance. He too was refused. Then he ordered the police to break in the doors.

The Hearst-Harrison precinct committeemen entered the building. The Sullivan forces and the Dunne men remained outside and later held a convention in another hall.

The military refused and Judge Owen in person demanded admittance. He too was refused. Then he ordered the police to break in the doors.

The Hearst-Harrison precinct committeemen entered the building. The Sullivan forces and the Dunne men remained outside and later held a convention in another hall.

The military refused and Judge Owen in person demanded admittance. He too was refused. Then he ordered the police to break in the doors.

The Hearst-Harrison precinct committeemen entered the building. The Sullivan forces and the Dunne men remained outside and later held a convention in another hall.

The military refused and Judge Owen in person demanded admittance. He too was refused. Then he ordered the police to break in the doors.

The Hearst-Harrison precinct committeemen entered the building. The Sullivan forces and the Dunne men remained outside and later held a convention in another hall.

The military refused and Judge Owen in person demanded admittance. He too was refused. Then he ordered the police to break in the doors.

The Hearst-Harrison precinct committeemen entered the building. The Sullivan forces and the Dunne men remained outside and later held a convention in another hall.

The military refused and Judge Owen in person demanded admittance. He too was refused. Then he ordered the police to break in the doors.

The Hearst-Harrison precinct committeemen entered the building. The Sullivan forces and the Dunne men remained outside and later held a convention in another hall.

The military refused and Judge Owen in person demanded admittance. He too was refused. Then he ordered the police to break in the doors.

The Hearst-Harrison precinct committeemen entered the building. The Sullivan forces and the Dunne men remained outside and later held a convention in another hall.

The military refused and Judge Owen in person demanded admittance. He too was refused. Then he ordered the police to break in the doors.

The Hearst-Harrison precinct committeemen entered the building. The Sullivan forces and the Dunne men remained outside and later held a convention in another hall.

The military refused and Judge Owen in person demanded admittance. He too was refused. Then he ordered the police to break in the doors.

The Hearst-Harrison precinct committeemen entered the building. The Sullivan forces and the Dunne men remained outside and later held a convention in another hall.

BIGGEST BATTLE  
OF REBELLION  
IS EXPECTED  
TOMORROWEscalon Site of Former Insur-  
recto Victory Probably Is to  
Be Scene of First Conflict in  
Fight.OROZCO HAS 3,000 MEN  
TO OPPOSE FEDERALSGovernment Troops Have Base  
at Bermejillo and Flanking  
Forces, on Each Side of  
Railroad.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)

Chihuahua, April 15.—Present positions of the federal and rebel armies indicate that the biggest battle of the rebellion will be fought probably not later than Wednesday. It is believed that the engagement will begin at Escalon or in the immediate neighborhood of that city.

The federal base of operations is at Bermejillo, but government detachments are strung along the railroad as far north as Concho. Federal flanking columns are believed here to be out east and west of the railroad and it is estimated that the force now moving north numbers close to 3,000. Spies bring the additional information that the government has further reserves at Mapimi, the principal point of mobilization and at Torreon.

General Orozco claims to have 2,000 men to throw against the enemy which he believes will be equal to the forces which General Huerta, the federal leader, will be able to handle advantageously in the field.

The rebels declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

BUSINESS MEN  
TAKE OFFICE  
AS CITY'S  
FATHERSMayor Sellers Announces Ap-  
pointments and Outlines  
Principles for Betterment of  
Albuquerque; McMillin Chief.PRESIDENT WROTH OF  
COUNCIL HAS LAST WORDAnnual Reports for Fiscal Year  
Presented; Many Old Ap-  
pointees Retain Their Hold  
on Places.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)

Mexico City, April 15.—The message of Acting Secretary Huntington Wilson, to the Mexican government that Ambassador Wilson delivered to the foreign office, had not been translated tonight into Spanish and officially its contents were not known to the foreign minister. On that ground no official comment was forthcoming.

The message published in Spanish and English in the morning papers created no perceptible stir in the capital.

Jesus Flores Magón, minister of the interior, assuming that one of the chief causes for the warning was the shooting of Thomas Fountain under Orozco's orders, expressed grave doubts of the American nationality of the man. He believed that Fountain had put himself outside the protection of the law, even if he were an American within the meaning of President Taft's proclamation of some weeks ago.

Orozco's father sends telegram to Taft. El Paso, Tex., April 15.—Colonel Pascual Orozco, commanding the Juarez garrison and father of the junior Orozco, who is commander in chief of the rebel forces, tonight sent the following telegram on behalf of his son to President Taft in reply to the warning sent by the Washington government to Mexico yesterday: "Mr. President William H. Taft, White House, Washington, D. C. Fountain's execution was made because he was fighting us with a rapid fire machine gun in Villa's forces without regard to his nationality. We want the strongest possible friendship with your wonderful people and have no prejudice against them. We mail you full explanation in the matter."

(Signed) PASCUAL OROZCO, SR.

REBELS SHOUT FOR DIAZ  
AT OFFICERS' BANQUET

El Paso, April 15.—A score of Chinese refugees from Parral, Jimenez, Chihuahua and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

The refugees declared that they fear a repetition of the massacre of Torreon last year during which 300 Chihuahuans and small towns in the present zone of military operations were among those who arrived here tonight from the south. They declare that they and their countrymen, who are making every effort to get out of Mexico, are outraged without restraint by the rebels. The rebels they declared, demand articles in Chinese stores and restaurants, without paying and torture those who decline to divulge the hiding places of their savings.

BUSINESS MEN  
TAKE OFFICE  
AS CITY'S  
FATHERS

Mayor Sellers Announces Ap-